KEITH H. RUTMAN (CSB #144175) 402 West Broadway, Suite 2010 San Diego, California 92101-8516 Telephone: (619) 237-9072 Facsimile: (760) 454-4372 3 email: krutman@krutmanlaw.com 4 Attorney for Plaintiffs 5 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 6 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA Case No. 222CV373 AJB BGS SILVESTRE ESTRADA, a minor, by and through his proposed guardian ad litem EMILY PRIETO; OLGA TOVAR; 8 COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES FRANCISCO MADARIAGA; and JAIME MADARIAGA-GONŹALEZ, DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL 10 Plaintiffs, 11 v. 12 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA and **DOES 1-10** 13 Defendants. 14 15 COME NOW Plaintiffs, by and through their attorney of record, and hereby 16 17 allege: This lawsuit for money damages is brought pursuant to the provisions of the 18 Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U.S.C. §§ 2671-80) and alternatively under the Fourth 19 Amendment of the Federal Constitution pursuant to the provisions of Bivens v. Six 20 Unknown Named Agents of the FBI, 403 U.S. 388 (1971). 21 22 **JURISDICTION** 1. Federal jurisdiction is founded upon the existence of a federal question. Some of 23 the claims for relief arise under the provisions of the Federal Tort Claims Act 24 ("FTCA"), over which this Court has jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1346(b)(1). 25 Other claims for relief arise under the Fourth Amendment to the U.S. 26 Constitution, as interpreted by the U.S. Supreme Court in Bivens v. Six 27 Unknown Named Agents of the FBI, 403 U.S. 388 (1971). 28

1 **VENUE** 2. Venue in the Southern District of California is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(e). 2 All the events complained of occurred in this district. 3 **PARTIES** 4 This action arises from the shooting death of SILVESTRE-VARGAS as outlined 5 3. below. There are 5 Plaintiffs: 6 The death of SILVESTRE ESTRADA VARGAS as set forth in this 7 a. Complaint resulted in the creation of the ESTATE OF SILVESTRE 8 ESTRADA VARGAS which brings suit by his successor in interest, his 9 minor son, SILVESTRE ESTRADA (DOB 8/30/2013), in accordance 10 with California Code of Civil Procedure § 377.30. 11 Simultaneous to the filing of this action, SILVESTRE ESTRADA 12 i. has petitioned the court for the appointment of his mother, EMILY 13 PRIETO, as his Guardian ad Litem. He seeks all damages 14 authorized by law. 15 Decedent's mother, OLGA TOVAR, brings suit for a substantive due b. 16 process claim for being deprived of a recognized liberty interest (right to 17 family association) through official conduct. Wilkinson v. Torres, 610 18 F.3d 546, 554 (9th Cir. 2010) She seeks all damages authorized by law. At 19 all material times mentioned herein she was a U.S. citizen. 20 FRANCISCO MADARIAGA and JAIME MADARIAGA-GONZALEZ 21 c. bring suit for assault and battery. They each seek all damages authorized 22 by law. At all times mentioned herein they were both Mexican citizens 23 present in the United States. 24 d. 25 Each Plaintiff also brings claims under *Bivens*. Defendant UNITED STATES OF AMERICA (hereinafter "UNITED STATES") 4. 26 is a sovereign entity which has waived sovereign immunity in certain cases as set 27 forth in the Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U.S.C. §§ 1346, 2671-80) 28

- 5. At all material times mentioned herein, DOES 1-10 were employed by the United States Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Customs and Border Protection ("CBP"), and as such were duly constituted federal law enforcement officers charged with enforcing the laws of the United States of America and in doing the acts hereinafter described acted within the course and scope of their employment. Their acts were done under the color and pretense of the statutes, ordinances, regulations, customs and usages of the United States.
- 6. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and therefore allege that at all times mentioned herein DOES 1-10 were the agents, servants, and/or employees of the UNITED STATES and was, in doing the acts herein alleged, acting within the course and scope of this agency and/or employment, and with the permission, consent and authority of the UNITED STATES, and that each is responsible in some manner for the occurrences hereinafter alleged; and that Plaintiffs' injuries were proximately caused by the actions of each.
- 7. The filing of an administrative claim is a prerequisite to filing any claims under the Federal Tort Claims Act. Plaintiffs timely submitted claims on the designated form to the appropriate federal agency (CBP) and said claims were timely denied in writing on February 2, 2022 prior to the filing of this action. The <u>Bivens</u> claims are not subject to an administrative claim requirement.

#### **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

8. On May 14, 2021, at approximately 10:15 PM, in Campo, California, a Border Patrol agent assigned to the El Cajon Sector Station attempted to stop a vehicle suspected of being involved in migrant smuggling. The driver of the vehicle, SILVESTRE ESTRADA VARGAS, DOB 6/30/94 ("Decedent"), failed to yield, and after a brief pursuit, the vehicle stopped in a Circle-K gas station parking lot at the intersection of State Route 94 and Buckman Springs Road in Campo. Present in the vehicle from the outset were cousins FRANCISCO MADARIAGA and JAIME MADARIAGA-GONZALEZ.

- 9. Without any legal justification or threat to their safety, an unknown number of Border Patrol agents (DOES 1-10) discharged their firearms at the vehicle from a flanking position. The vehicle was stationary, and did not attempt to run down the agents. The vehicle's egress was blocked. The Decedent, who was unarmed and had one hand of the steering wheel and the other hand holding a telephone up to his ear, was struck by an unknown number of bullets, and was subsequently transported to a local hospital where he was pronounced dead shortly after arrival. FRANCISCO MADARIAGA and JAIME MADARIAGA-GONZALEZ were in the direct line of fire and fortunately were uninjured.
- 10. Decedent presented no threat to Defendants. He was not driving in a threatening manner.
- 11. The San Diego County Sheriff's Department Homicide Division, the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), the San Diego County Medical Examiner's Office, the Department of Homeland Security Office of Inspector General, and CBP's Office of Professional Responsibility (CBP OPR) all responded to the scene and began an investigation.
- 12. One of the responding agencies seized a videotape from the Circle-K surveillance system. When an investigator for the Plaintiffs spoke to the gas station manager, he was told that the videotape had been seized by one of the responding agencies and that the manager had been advised not to speak to anyone about the incident.

# WRONGFUL DEATH (FTCA - SILVESTRE ESTRADA, AS SUCCESSOR IN INTEREST TO SILVESTRE ESTRADA VARGAS AGAINST UNITED STATES ONLY)

- 13. Plaintiffs refer to and incorporate by reference Paragraphs 1 through 12 as though fully set forth herein.
- 14. SILVESTRE ESTRADA VARGAS' death was caused, in whole or in part, by the conduct of the agents of the UNITED STATES.

- 15. Defendants were negligent or deliberately indifferent in causing SILVESTRE ESTRADA VARGAS' death.
- 16. As a direct and proximate result of the negligence, carelessness, recklessness, wantonness and unlawfulness of the Defendants, and each of them, and the resulting death, as aforesaid, Plaintiff SILVESTRE ESTRADA has sustained severe and serious injury to his person, all to his damage in a sum within the jurisdiction of this Court and to be shown according to proof.
- 17. As a direct and proximate result of the conduct of the Defendants, and each of them, in causing the death of his father, SILVESTRE ESTRADA VARGAS, has been deprived of the society and comfort of his father and has been caused the loss of future services, earnings and protection of said parent, to his great loss and damage in an amount to be shown according to proof.
- 18. The actions described herein legally, proximately, foreseeably and actually caused Plaintiff to suffer damages in the form of emotional distress, pain and suffering, and further damages according to proof to the extent allowed by California Code of Civil Procedure § 377.34.

### SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF SURVIVAL ACTION FOR ASSAULT/BATTERY (FTCA - SILVESTRE ESTRADA against UNITED STATES only)

- 19. Plaintiffs refer to and incorporate by reference Paragraphs 1 through 12 as though fully set forth herein.
- 20. The unknown CBP agents sued herein as DOES 1-10 assaulted SILVESTRE ESTRADA VARGAS by brandishing and pointing weapons at him and then shooting him an unknown number of times, resulting in his death. These officers intended and caused harmful or offensive contact to occur.
- 21. The harmful or offensive contact was not privileged nor consented to and was excessive, unreasonable and done with deliberate indifference to the rights and safety of SILVESTRE ESTRADA VARGAS and was done with the intent to inflict punishment, above and beyond the reason for using the force in the first

1 place. The actions described herein legally, proximately, foreseeably and actually 2 22. caused Decedent, acting though his next of kin, to suffer damages in the form of 3 emotional distress, pain and suffering, and further damages according to proof. 4 5 THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF (FTCA - FRANCISCO MADARIAGA and JAIME MADARIAGA-GONZALEZ Against UNITED STATES only) 6 7 Plaintiffs refer to and incorporate by reference Paragraphs 1 through 12 as 23. 8 though fully set forth herein. 9 24. The unknown CBP agents sued herein as DOES 1-10 assaulted FRANCISCO 10 MADARIAGA and JAIME MADARIAGA-GONZALEZ by brandishing and 11 pointing and discharging firearms at them. These officers intended and caused 12 harmful or offensive contact to occur. Whilst SILVESTRE ESTRADA 13 VARGAS was shot an unknown number of times and killed, FRANCISCO 14 MADARIAGA and JAIME MADARIAGA-GONZALEZ saw and heard bullets 15 whizzing by them and were afraid they would be shot and killed. These officers 16 intended and caused harmful or offensive contact to occur. 17 25. The harmful or offensive contact was not privileged nor consented to and was 18 excessive, unreasonable and done with deliberate indifference to the rights and 19 safety of FRANCISCO MADARIAGA and JAIME MADARIAGA-20 GONZALEZ and was done with the intent to inflict punishment, above and 21 beyond the reason for using the force in the first place. 22 26. The actions described herein legally, proximately, foreseeably and actually 23 caused Decedent, FRANCISCO MADARIAGA and JAIME MADARIAGA-24 GONZALEZ to suffer damages in the form of emotional distress, pain and 25 suffering, and further damages according to proof. 26 FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION 27 (FTCA - SILVESTRE ESTRADA, AS SUCCESSOR IN INTEREST TO SILVESTRE ESTRADA VARGAS, FRANCISCO MADARIAGA 28

## and JAIME MADARIAGA-GONZALEZ Against UNITED STATES only)

- 27. Plaintiffs refer to and incorporate by reference Paragraphs 1 through 12 as though fully set forth herein.
- 28. In doing the acts alleged herein, Defendant UNITED STATES, as a result of the actions of its officers and investigative agents, DOES 1-10, acted negligently and breached its duty of due care to Plaintiffs with foreseeably injurious consequences.
- 29. A reasonably prudent law enforcement officer would have known, or in the exercise of reasonable diligence should have known, that the Decedent and Plaintiffs were not subject to the use of excessive force to effectuate any detention or arrest, and that the use of such deadly force was completely unwarranted and unlawful.
- 30. The actions described herein legally, proximately, foreseeably and actually caused Decedent, acting though his next of kin, FRANCISCO MADARIAGA and JAIME MADARIAGA-GONZALEZ to suffer damages in the form of emotional distress, pain and suffering, and further damages according to proof.

## FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF BANE ACT: CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE § 52.1 (FTCA - All Plaintiffs Against UNITED STATES only)

- 31. Plaintiffs refer to and incorporate by reference Paragraphs 1 through 12 as though fully set forth herein.
- 32. The California Legislature declared that it violates our state civil rights for any person to interfere with the exercise or enjoyment by an individual of his/her rights secured by the United States Constitution or state or federal law. This includes any interference of these rights by threats, intimidation, coercion, or attempted threats, intimidation, or coercion.
  - a. SILVESTRE ESTRADA VARGAS, FRANCISCO MADARIAGA and JAIME MADARIAGA-GONZALEZ have the right to be free from

excessive force under the California and Federal Constitutions. 1 Plaintiffs SILVESTRE ESTRADA and OLGA TOVAR have the right to b. 2 the familial love, society and companionship of SILVESTRE ESTRADA 3 VARGAS which is protected by the substantive due process clause of the Fifth Amendment and the First Amendment right to freedom of 5 association. 6 33. DOES 1-10 interfered with Plaintiffs' and Decedent's rights by the intentional 7 use of deadly force as alleged above. 8 This interference with Plaintiffs' and Decedent's rights was perpetrated in 9 34. violation of California Civil Code § 52.1, and the Fourth Amendment to the U.S. 10 Constitution and corresponding provision of the California Constitution. 11 35. Defendant UNITED STATES is liable for the conduct of DOES 1-10 under the 12 Federal Torts Claim Act. 13 The actions described herein legally, proximately, foreseeably and actually 36. 14 caused Plaintiffs ESTRADA and TOVAR to suffer damages in the form of the 15 loss of familial love, society, companionship, moral and financial support, 16 emotional distress, pain and suffering, and further damages according to proof. 17 The actions described herein legally, proximately, foreseeably and actually 37. 18 caused Plaintiffs FRANCISCO MADARIAGA and JAIME MADARIAGA-19 GONZALEZ to suffer damages in the form of emotional distress, pain and 20 suffering, and further damages according to proof. 21 Plaintiffs and Decedents are also entitled to the statutory civil penalties set forth 22 38. in California Civil Code § 52.1, attorney's fees and costs of the suit incurred 23 herein. 24 25 26 and JAIME MADARIAGA-GONZALEZ Against DOES 1-10 only) 27 EXCESSIVE FORCE 28

- 39. Plaintiffs refer to and incorporate by reference Paragraphs 1 through 12 as though fully set forth herein.
- 40. In committing the acts alleged herein, DOES 1-10 violated, without probable cause, consent, exigent circumstances or other defense, Plaintiffs' constitutional rights under the Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution to be secure in his person from unreasonable government intrusion, to wit, excessive or deadly force. For these reasons, Plaintiffs are entitled to seek damages pursuant to <u>Bivens v. Six Unknown Named Agents of the FBI</u>, 403 U.S. 388 (1971).
- 41. A reasonably prudent officer would have known that the Plaintiffs
  MADARIAGA and MADARIAGA-GONZALEZ and Decedent were not
  subject to the use of excessive or deadly force.
- 42. In committing the acts alleged herein, Defendant DOES 1-10, violated, without probable cause, consent, exigent circumstances or other defense, Plaintiffs MADARIAGA and MADARIAGA-GONZALEZ and Decedent's constitutional rights under the Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution to be secure in their persons from unreasonable government intrusion, specifically, the use of unreasonable and excessive force, in that the deadly force applied to Decedent and Plaintiffs MADARIAGA and MADARIAGA-GONZALEZ was in contravention of statutory duty, was in excess of any force required to address the circumstances, was grossly out of proportion to any need for force, was not employed in good faith, and was intended and substantially certain to cause serious bodily injury.
- 43. The actions described herein legally, proximately, foreseeably and actually caused Plaintiffs FRANCISCO MADARIAGA and JAIME MADARIAGA-GONZALEZ to suffer damages in the form of emotional distress, pain and suffering, and further damages according to proof.
- 44. In doing the acts alleged herein Defednants DOES 1-10 acted maliciously and

1 with reckless and callous disregard for the rights and feelings of Plaintiffs MADARIAGA and MADARIAGA-GONZALEZ and Decedent and by reason 2 thereof Plaintiffs MADARIAGA and MADARIAGA-GONZALEZ and 3 Decedent demand exemplary and punitive damages in an amount to be proven at 4 5 trial. SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF 6 (Bivens v. Six Unknown Named Agents of the FBI: 7 8 Plaintiffs refer to and incorporate by reference Paragraphs 1 through 12 as 45. 9 though fully set forth herein. 10 46. Parents and children may assert a Fifth or Fourteenth Amendment substantive 11 due process claims if they are deprived of their liberty interest in the 12 companionship and society of their child or parent through official conduct. 13 Wilkinson v. Torres, 610 F.3d 546, 554 (9th Cir. 2010) 14 Defendants, acting under color of law and in concert with each other, breached 47. 15 their duty(ies) under the Fourth and Fifth Amendments to the U.S. Constitution 16 17 to refrain from the use of excessive force. At the time of Defendants constitutional deprivations to SILVESTRE 48. 18 ESTRADA VARGAS, Plaintiffs SILVESTRE ESTRADA and OLGA TOVAR 19 had a substantive due process right to the familial love, society and 20 companionship of their father and son, respectively, SILVESTRE ESTRADA 21 VARGAS which is guaranteed by the Fifth Amendment. 22 49. The actions described herein legally, proximately, foreseeably and actually 23 caused Plaintiffs ESTRADA and TOVAR to suffer damages in the form of the 24

50. In doing the acts alleged herein Defendants DOES 1-10 acted maliciously and with reckless and callous disregard for the rights and feelings of Plaintiffs

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loss of familial love, society, companionship, moral and financial support,

emotional distress, pain and suffering, and further damages according to proof.

SILVESTRE ESTRADA and OLGA TOVAR and by reason thereof Plaintiffs 1 SILVESTRE ESTRADA and OLGA TOVAR demand exemplary and punitive 2 damages in an amount to be proven at trial. 3 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** 4 5 51. Plaintiffs hereby demand a jury trial to the extent allowed by law, specifically, as to the Bivens claims asserted against DOES 1-10. 6 PRAYER FOR RELIEF 7 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs and Decedent pray for judgment against Defendants as 8 follows: 9 For general and compensatory damages against Defendants in an amount to be 1. 10 proven at trial to the extent allowed by applicable law; 11 For punitive damages against Defendant DOES 1-10; 12 2. To the extent allowed by law, for the statutory civil penalties set forth in 3. 13 California Civil Code § 52.1; 14 For costs of suit herein, including reasonable attorneys fees to the extent allowed 4. 15 by law; and 16 For such other and further relief as the Court deems proper. 17 5. Respectfully Submitted, 18 Dated: March 21, 2022 s/Keith H. Rutman 19 20 Email: krutman@krutmanlaw.com 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28