1		Hon. James L. Robart	
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9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON		
10		SEATTLE	
11	Custova VADCAS DAMIDEZ) Case No. 13-cv-02325-JLR	
12	Gustavo VARGAS RAMIREZ, Plaintiff,) PLAINTIFF'S SURREPLY TO	
13	V.	DEFENDANT'S REPLY IN SUPPORT OF	
15	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	ITS MOTION TO DISMISS	
16	Defendant.	Noted for Consideration: June 20, 2014	
17		_)	
8	I. INTRODUCTION		
9		ntiff Gustavo Vargas Ramirez ("Mr. Vargas")	
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21	hereby requests the Court to strike sections I, IV, and V of Defendant's Reply in support of its		
22	Motion to Dismiss, filed June 20, 2014, as improper and untimely. <i>See</i> ECF No. 21. In its Reply Defendant not only seeks to transform its original motion into a different motion, but also employs new arguments in arguing that Mr. Vargas's action must be dismissed. These argument are improperly raised in Defendant's Reply.		
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28	PL.'S SURREPLY (NO. 13-CV-02325-JLR) - 1	Northwest Immigrant Rights Project 615 Second Ave., Ste. 400 Seattle, WA 98104 (206) 587-4009	

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PL.'S SURREPLY

ARGUMENT

II.

Defendant's Reply contains several new arguments never raised in Defendant's initial motion. Specifically:

- a) For the first time, Defendant argues that its motion to dismiss, which was originally brought under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(6) for failure to state a claim, should be converted to a motion to dismiss under Rule 12(b)(1) for lack of subject-matter jurisdiction. Reply at 1-2, Section I. Factual Rule 12(b)(1) challenges are governed by different legal standards than those under Rule 12(b)(6) and Rule 12(c). Such motions dispute the truthfulness of a complaint's allegations and shift the burden of persuasion to the plaintiff, requiring that he furnish affidavits or evidence beyond the pleadings in order to satisfy the relevant burden. See, e.g., Leite v. Crane Co., 749 F.3d 1117, 1121-22 (9th Cir. 2014); see also Reply at 1-2. By contrast, in Defendant's original 12(b)(6) motion, the Court was required to accept the complaint's allegations as true and the moving party—Defendant—bore the burden of persuasion. See, e.g., Leite, 749 F.3d at 1121.
- b) For the first time, Defendant argues that Mr. Vargas "cannot establish" that the false arrest and imprisonment he suffered was performed by someone for whom the United States could incur liability under the Federal Tort Claims Act. Reply at 2; see generally id. at 5-9, Section IV.
- c) For the first time, Defendant argues that Mr. Vargas's abuse of process claim should be dismissed because "he has not shown that an act was taken after an actual judicial proceeding was instituted." Reply at 11; see generally id. at 9-11, Section V.

Mr. Vargas had initially believed Defendant intended its Motion under Rule 12(b)(6) as a Rule 12(c) motion since a 12(b)(6) motion may not be filed after the submission of an answer, and Defendant had previously filed an answer in this case. See Pl.'s Opp'n to Def.'s Mot. to Dismiss 4, ECF No. 19.

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Defendant could have raised all these arguments in its Motion to Dismiss, and its untimely attempt to raise them for the first time in its Reply deprives Mr. Vargas of the opportunity to address them. As this Court has held, "arguments cannot be properly raised for the first time on reply." *Hampton v. Allstate Corp.*, C13-0541JLR, 2013 WL 6000040, at *6 (W.D. Wash. Nov. 12, 2013) (citing *Amazon.com LLC v. Lay*, 758 F. Supp. 2d 1154, 1171 (W.D. Wash. 2010)) (internal alteration omitted); *see also Zamani v. Carnes*, 491 F.3d 990, 997 (9th Cir. 2007) ("The district court need not consider arguments raised for the first time in a reply brief.") (citation omitted). Moreover, Defendant's attempt to recast its motion under Rule 12(b)(6) as a motion under Rule 12(b)(1) improperly and unfairly imposes a new burden on Mr. Vargas without giving him the opportunity to meet it.

III. CONCLUSION

Accordingly, Mr. Vargas requests that the Court strike and not consider these new arguments in Defendant's Reply. In the alternative, Mr. Vargas respectfully requests that he be afforded the opportunity to submit a full written response to these issues.

DATED this 25th of June, 2014.

Respectfully submitted,

s/ Matt Adams Matt Adams, WSBA No. 28287

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PL.'S SURREPLY (NO. 13-CV-02325-JLR) - 3

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(NO. 13-CV-02325-JLR) - 4

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1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
2	I, Matt Adams, hereby certify that on June 25, 2014, I electronically filed the	
3	foregoing document with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system, which will	
4	automatically send a notification of such filing to the following CM/ECF participant:	
5	Kristin B. Johnson	
6	United States Attorney's Office	
7	Western District of Washington 700 Stewart Street, Suite 5220	
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10	E-mail: kristin.b.johnson@usdoj.gov	
11		
12	DATED: June 25, 2014	
13	By: s/ Matt Adams	
14	Matt Adams Northwest Immigrant Rights Project	
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18	One of the attorneys for Plaintiff	
19	Gustavo Vargas Ramirez	
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PL.'S SURREPLY (NO. 13-CV-02325-JLR) - 5

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